

TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.
UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2011

Notice to Reader

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of Troymet Exploration Corp. for the quarter ended July 31, 2011 have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Corporation. These statements have not been reviewed by the Corporation's external auditors.

Dated September 27, 2011

“Kieran Downes”

Kieran Downes
President and Chief Executive Officer

“Brian Cebryk”

Brian Cebryk
Chief Financial Officer

**TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.
BALANCE SHEET**

ASSETS

	July 31 2011	October 31 2010
CURRENT		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 70,223	\$ 218,808
Accounts receivable	156,875	56,349
Exploration advances	8,000	48,000
Short term investments	708,666	-
Prepaid expenses	<u>29,092</u>	<u>2,900</u>
	972,856	326,057
FUTURE TAX ASSET	-	1,188
MINERAL PROPERTY (Note 3)	<u>5,372,255</u>	<u>3,675,864</u>
	<u>\$ 6,345,111</u>	<u>\$ 4,003,109</u>

LIABILITIES

CURRENT	19,700	94,345
FUTURE INCOME TAX LIABILITIES	<u>268,822</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>288,522</u>	<u>94,345</u>

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

CAPITAL STOCK (Note 4)	6,976,738	4,587,128
CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL (Note 4)	731,653	418,861
DEFICIT	<u>(1,651,802)</u>	<u>(1,097,225)</u>
	<u>6,056,589</u>	<u>3,908,764</u>
	<u>\$ 6,345,111</u>	<u>\$ 4,003,109</u>

**TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.
STATEMENT OF LOSS AND DEFICIT**

	Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
	July 31 2011	July 31 2010	July 31 2011	July 31 2010
EXPENSES				
Management fees	\$ 33,250	\$ 27,198	\$ 110,119	\$ 84,373
General and administration	5,935	6,394	26,329	17,213
Interest expense	-	-	715	-
Professional fees	1,402	7,275	44,591	89,118
Public company costs	16,602	16,728	108,489	52,873
Stock compensation expense (note 4)	38,264	24,663	312,789	213,406
Travel and related costs	504	1,180	14,859	9,473
	<u>\$ 95,957</u>	<u>\$ 83,438</u>	<u>\$ 617,891</u>	<u>\$ 466,456</u>
LOSS BEFORE THE FOLLOWING	\$ (95,957)	\$ (83,438)	\$ (617,891)	\$ (466,456)
INTEREST INCOME	<u>1,873</u>	<u>478</u>	<u>8,666</u>	<u>948</u>
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	\$ (94,084)	\$ (82,960)	\$ (609,225)	\$ (465,508)
Future income tax provision - recovery (expense)	<u>(63,651)</u>	<u>17,414</u>	<u>54,648</u>	<u>75,424</u>
NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	\$ (157,735)	\$ (65,546)	\$ (554,577)	\$ (390,084)
DEFICIT, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	<u>(1,494,067)</u>	<u>(878,167)</u>	<u>(1,097,225)</u>	<u>(553,629)</u>
DEFICIT, END OF PERIOD	<u><u>\$ (1,651,802)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (943,713)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (1,651,802)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (943,713)</u></u>
 LOSS PER BASIC SHARE	 <u><u>\$ (0.00)</u></u>	 <u><u>\$ (0.00)</u></u>	 <u><u>\$ (0.01)</u></u>	 <u><u>\$ (0.00)</u></u>

TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
	July 31 2011	July 31 2010	July 31 2011	July 31 2010
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net loss	\$ (157,735)	\$ (65,545)	\$ (554,577)	\$ (390,084)
Items not affecting cash				
Recovery of income taxes - future	63,651	(17,414)	(54,648)	(75,424)
Stock based compensation	38,264	24,663	312,789	213,406
	<u>(55,820)</u>	<u>(58,296)</u>	<u>(296,436)</u>	<u>(252,101)</u>
CHANGES IN NON-CASH WORKING CAPITAL				
Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable	18,202	30,126	(100,526)	16,303
Decrease in exploration advance	-	-	40,000	-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(20,339)	2,717	(26,192)	(278)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(143,263)	(92,206)	(74,642)	(339,760)
	<u>(145,400)</u>	<u>(59,363)</u>	<u>(161,360)</u>	<u>(323,735)</u>
	<u>(201,220)</u>	<u>(117,659)</u>	<u>(457,796)</u>	<u>(575,836)</u>
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Decrease (increase) in short term investments	248,255	174,699	(708,669)	109,750
Investment in mineral properties	(192,099)	(75,154)	(1,619,390)	(180,253)
	<u>56,156</u>	<u>99,544</u>	<u>(2,328,061)</u>	<u>(70,504)</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Issuance of common shares	-	-	2,637,272	720,000
NET INCREASE IN CASH	(145,064)	(18,115)	(148,585)	73,660
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	215,287	76,261	218,808	(15,513)
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$ 70,223	\$ 58,147	\$ 70,223	\$ 58,147
Supplemental cash flow disclosure				
Interest paid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Income taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. INCORPORATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Troymet Exploration Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) on June 4, 2007. A Plan of Arrangement between the Company, Signet Minerals Inc., and Cash Minerals Ltd. was completed on August 7, 2007. The Company was listed on the TSX Venture Exchange on September 20, 2007.

The Company is in the process of exploring and evaluating its mineral properties. On the basis of the information to date, it has not yet determined whether these properties contain economically recoverable ore reserves. The underlying value of the mineral properties and related deferred costs is entirely dependent on the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete development and upon future profitable production. The amounts shown as mineral properties and deferred exploration costs represent net costs to date, less any amounts written off, and do not necessarily represent present or future values.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes that the Company will be able to meet its obligations and continue its operations for its next fiscal year. Realization values may be substantially different from carrying values as shown and these financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of the interim financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. By nature, asset valuations are subjective and do not necessarily result in precise determinations.

Mineral Property

Costs relating to the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties are capitalized on an area of interest basis. These expenditures will be charged against income, through a unit-of-production basis depletion, when properties are developed to the commercial production stage. Where the Company's exploration commitments for an area of interest are performed under option agreements with a third party, the proceeds of any option payments under such agreements are applied to the area of interest to the extent costs are incurred. If an area of interest is abandoned or management determines that there is a permanent and significant decline in value, the related costs are charged to operations.

Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company recognizes asset retirement obligations in the period in which they are incurred if a reasonable estimate of a fair value can be determined. The associated asset retirement costs are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the long-lived asset. The liability is increased due to the passage of time, with an offsetting charge to accretion expense in the income statement over the estimated time period until settlement of the obligation. The asset is depreciated over the estimated

TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

useful life of the asset. The Company's potential asset retirement obligations result from net ownership interests in mineral property assets. As at July 31, 2011, the Company does not have any asset retirement obligations.

Income Taxes

The Company follows the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, income tax liabilities and assets are recognized for the estimated tax consequences attributable to differences between the amounts reported in the financial statements and their respective tax bases, using substantially enacted income tax rates. The effect of a change in income tax rates on future income tax liabilities and assets is recognized in earnings in the period that the change occurs.

Flow-Through Common Shares

Capital includes flow-through shares issued pursuant to certain provisions of the Income Tax Act (the "Act"). Under the Act, where proceeds are used for eligible expenditures, the related income tax deductions may be renounced to subscribers. The future income tax liabilities are increased and share capital is decreased by the renounced tax deductions when the expenditures are renounced provided there is reasonable assurance that the expenditures will be made.

Financial Instruments

The fair market value of cash, short term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying values. Management does not believe that the Company is exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks.

Reclamation Costs

The Company's activities are primarily focused on exploration directed toward the discovery of mineral resources. When it is determined that a future reclamation cost is likely, and the amount can reasonably be estimated, then the costs thereof will be accrued.

Earnings per Share

The Company uses the treasury stock method to compute the dilutive effect of options, warrants and similar instruments. Under this method the dilutive effect on earnings per share is recognized on the use of the proceeds that could be obtained upon exercise of options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds would be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the year. For the years presented the dilutive effect has not been computed as it proved to be anti-dilutive.

Basic earnings per share are calculated using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the year.

TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Future Accounting Policies

In 2006, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board (“AcSB”) published a new strategic plan that will significantly affect financial reporting requirements for Canadian companies. The AcSB strategic plan outlines the convergence of Canadian GAAP with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) over an expected five-year transitional period. In February 2008, the AcSB announced that 2011 is the changeover date for publicly-listed companies to apply IFRS. The changeover is effective for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. The transition date of January 1, 2011 will require restatement of comparative amounts reported by the Company for the year ended October 31, 2011. While the Company has begun assessing the implications of adoption of IFRS, the financial reporting impact of the transition to IFRS cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The first annual financial statement prepared using IFRS will be the year ended October 31, 2012.

3. MINERAL PROPERTY

a) McClarty Lake

Pursuant to an option agreement between the Company and Hudson Bay Exploration and Development Company Limited (“HBED”), dated February 15, 2000 and amended on September 28, 2000, August 31, 2001, August 31, 2005, and June 28, 2007, the Company has an option to acquire a 60% interest in a mineral property located in Manitoba. As consideration, the Company agreed to make option payments totaling \$125,000. To date, \$125,000 has been paid to HBED and no further option payments are required.

As outlined in the option agreement, the Company must incur total expenditures of \$800,000 on or before August 15, 2008. Following exercise of the option HBED may buy back a 20% interest by spending \$750,000 on exploration and development over a three year period. If HBED does not elect to buy back a 20% interest its interest will convert to a 2% net smelter royalty, half of which may be purchased by the Company at any time for \$500,000.

The Company has fulfilled the expenditure requirements and completed the earn-in requirements of the option agreement. Pursuant to the option agreement, HBED has elected to earn back a 20% interest in the McClarty claims.

b) Golden Eagle

Pursuant to an option agreement dated September 24, 2001 the Company may acquire a 100% interest in the Golden Eagle property located in British Columbia. As consideration, the Company agreed to make option payments totaling \$500,000. To date, \$500,000 has been paid and no further option payments are required

In addition, the Company has granted the optionor a 1% net smelter royalty.

TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. MINERAL PROPERTY - continued

c) Key Property

The Company owns a 100% interest in the Key property located in British Columbia. Under terms of the option agreement, there is also an underlying 3% net smelter royalty, 2% of which may be bought for \$1,000,000 in cash or stock at any time.

At July 31, 2011, expenditures incurred on mineral property are as follows:

	McClarty Lake	Golden Eagle	Key	Total
Balance, October 31, 2010	\$1,236,793	\$2,261,436	\$177,634	\$3,675,864
Additions During the Period				
Acquisition Costs	-	-	88,244	88,244
Geophysics	7,800	26,561	291,635	325,997
Geochemistry / Assays	2,890	-	266,293	269,183
Drilling Costs	272,846	6,148	644,981	923,974
Geological	-	385	59,209	59,594
Camp Costs	25,206	-	-	25,206
Travel / Transport / Communication	-	-	4,193	4,193
Total Additions	308,742	33,094	1,354,555	1,696,391
Mineral Exploration Tax Credit (METC)	-	-	-	-
Balance, July 31, 2011	\$1,545,536	\$2,294,530	\$1,532,189	\$5,372,255

4. CAPITAL STOCK

a) Authorized:

Unlimited number of Common Shares without nominal or par value
 Unlimited number of Preferred Shares

The Preferred Shares may be issued in one or more series and the directors are authorized to fix the number of shares in each series and to determine the designation, rights, privileges, restrictions, and conditions attached to the shares of each series.

TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. CAPITAL STOCK - continued

b) Issued:

	# of Common Shares	\$ Amount
Outstanding, October 31, 2010	68,117,113	4,587,128
Common shares issued for cash	5,717,500	857,625
Flow through shares issued for cash	8,068,053	1,452,259
Share purchase warrants exercised	4,637,744	469,762
Options exercised	75,000	11,250
Common shares issued for property	350,000	77,000
Future income taxes on renounced expenditures		(363,065)
Share issue costs		(153,628)
Effect of future tax on share issue costs	-	38,407
Outstanding, July 31, 2011	86,965,410	\$ 6,976,738

c) Per Share Data

Basic earnings per share are calculated based on the weighted average number of 86,088,410 shares outstanding during the year. The effect of the exercise of stock options and warrants would be anti-dilutive for the purposes of calculating the fully diluted earnings per share.

d) Stock Options

The Company has a Stock Option Plan where the Company may grant options to its directors, officers, key employees and consultants for up to 10% of the outstanding common shares of the Company. The Company has issued stock options to acquire common shares as follows:

	Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Expiry Date
Balance at October 31, 2010	5,375,000	\$ 0.10	2012 to 2015
Granted on November 22, 2010	1,450,000	\$ 0.21	2015
Exercised on December 1, 2010	(75,000)	\$ 0.15	
Balance at July 31, 2011	6,750,000	\$ 0.13	

The fair value of common share options granted in the period was estimated to be \$312,789 as at the date of grant using the Black Scholes options pricing model and the following assumptions:

Risk free interest rate (%)	2.48
Expected life (years)	5.00
Expected volatility (%)	376.5
Expected dividend yield (%)	0.00

TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. CAPITAL STOCK - continued

This amount was recognized as stock based compensation expense and contributed capital in the period ended July 31, 2011.

e) Share Purchase Warrants

The following table presents information with respect to share purchase warrants issued and outstanding as at July 31, 2011:

	Warrants @ \$0.05 (1)	Warrants @ \$0.10 (2)	Warrants @ \$0.25 (3)	Finders' Warrants (4)	Finders' Warrants (5)	Total
Outstanding, October 31, 2010	500,000	7,100,000	-	424,000	-	8,024,000
Issued in Period	-	-	2,858,750	-	914,748	3,773,498
Exercised in Period	(500,000)	(3,500,000)	(165,000)	(424,000)	(48,744)	(4,637,744)
Expired, unexercised	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding, July 31, 2011	-	3,600,000	2,693,750	-	866,004	7,159,754

- (1) Originally comprised of 1,300,000 share purchase warrants issued in conjunction with a non-brokered private placement that was completed by the Company on December 31, 2008 and January 16, 2009. Entitles the holders, at their election to acquire 1,300,000 shares of the Company at \$0.05 per share for the first year after closing and at \$0.10 per share for the second year after closing of the financing; 700,000 share purchase warrants expire on December 31, 2010 and 600,000 share purchase warrants expire on January 16, 2011. During the period, 500,000 warrants were exercised generating proceeds of \$50,000.
- (2) Originally comprised of 10,000,000 share purchase warrants issued in conjunction with a non-brokered private placement that was completed by the Company on January 21, 2010. Entitles the holders at their election, to acquire 10,000,000 common shares of the Company; expire on January 21, 2012. During the period, 3,500,000 warrants were exercised generating proceeds of \$350,000.
- (3) Comprised of 2,858,750 share purchase warrants issued in conjunction with a non-brokered private placement that was completed by the Company on November 1, 2010 and November 10, 2010. Entitles the holders at their election, to acquire 2,858,750 common shares of the Company at \$0.25 per share for the first year after closing and at \$0.35 per share for the second year after closing of the financing; 2,783,750 share purchase warrants expire on November 1, 2012 and 75,000 share purchase warrants expire on November 10, 2012. During the period, 165,000 warrants were exercised generating proceeds of \$41,250.
- (4) Comprised of 424,000 finders' warrants issued in conjunction with a non-brokered private placement completed by the Company on January 21, 2010. Entitles the holder, at their election, to acquire 424,000 regular common shares of the Company at \$0.05 per share; expire on January 21, 2012. During the period, 424,000 finders' warrants were exercised generating proceeds of \$21,200.

TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. CAPITAL STOCK - continued

- (5) Comprised of 914,748 finders' warrants issued in conjunction with a non-brokered private placement completed by the Company on November 1, 2010 and November 10, 2010. Entitles the holder, at their election, to acquire 914,748 regular common shares of the Company at \$0.15 per share within one year of the date of closing the financing; 888,304 finders' warrants expire on November 1, 2011 and 26,444 finders' warrants expire on November 10, 2011. During the period, 48,744 finders' warrants were exercised generating proceeds of \$7,312.

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has paid fees of \$115,200 (2010 - \$73,400) to companies in which Directors held an interest for management, administrative, accounting and technical services. These amounts are included in general and administration expenses and/or properties.

6. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to quarter end on August 19, 2011, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement consisting of 17,710,000 units ("Units") at a price of \$0.05 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$885,500 and 13,705,000 common shares issued on a flow-through basis ("Flow-through Common Shares") at a price of \$0.07 per Flow-Through Common Share for gross proceeds of \$959,350. Aggregate gross proceeds from the sale of both the Units and Flow-Through Common Shares was \$1,844,850. Each Unit consists of one common share (a "Common Share") and one share purchase warrant (a "Warrant"). Each full Warrant is exercisable for one year from closing into one Common Share at \$0.15 per share.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") for the three months ended April 30, 2011 was prepared with information available up to September 26, 2011 and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and the accompanying notes for the year ended October 31, 2010 and the interim financial statements and the accompanying notes for the three and nine months ended July 31, 2011.

The financial statements referenced above are stated in Canadian dollars and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

This Management Discussion and Analysis has been reviewed and approved by Dr. Kieran Downes, P.Geo., President and Chief Executive Officer of Troymet Exploration Corp. and a Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101, under whose direction the Company's exploration program is being carried out. The date of this MD&A is September 26, 2011.

Company Overview

Troymet Exploration Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) on June 4, 2007. A Plan of Arrangement between the Company, Signet Minerals Inc. ("Signet"), and Cash Minerals Ltd. ("Cash Minerals") was completed on August 7, 2007 and the Company became a reporting issuer at that time (see Company Reorganization below). The Company was listed on the TSX Venture Exchange on September 20, 2007. The trading symbol is "TYE".

The Company is involved in gold, and base metal exploration. Troymet's corporate strategy is to acquire interests in projects that have the potential to host large, high grade gold, and base metal deposits. Currently, all of the Company's projects are located in Manitoba and British Columbia.

As of the date of this MD&A, Troymet has not earned any production revenue, nor found any resources on any of its properties. The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia and Alberta.

Forward-Looking Statements

This MDA may contain "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included herein may be forward-looking information. Generally, forward-looking information may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "proposed", "is expected", "budgets", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", or "believes", or variations of such words and phrases, or by the use of words or phrases which state that certain actions, events or results may, could, would, or might occur or be achieved. This forward-looking information reflects the Company's current beliefs and is based on information currently available to the Company and on assumptions the Company believes are reasonable. These assumptions include, but are not limited to, the actual results of exploration projects being equivalent to or better than estimated results in technical reports or prior exploration results, and future costs and expenses being based

on historical costs and expenses, adjusted for inflation. Forward-looking information is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. Such risks and other factors may include, but are not limited to: the early stage development of the Company and its projects; general business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties; commodity prices; the actual results of current exploration and development or operational activities; competition; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; accidents and other risks inherent in the mining industry; lack of insurance; delay or failure to receive board or regulatory approvals; changes in legislation, including environmental legislation, affecting the Company; timing and availability of external financing on acceptable terms; conclusions of economic evaluations; and lack of qualified, skilled labour or loss of key individuals. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking information, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. By nature, asset valuations are subjective and do not necessarily result in precise determinations.

Corporate Reorganization

On August 7, 2007, a Plan of Arrangement (“Arrangement”) involving Signet, Cash Minerals, and Troymet was finalized. Pursuant to the Arrangement, Cash Minerals acquired all of the outstanding common shares of Signet in exchange for units of Cash Minerals. Signet’s non-uranium properties were transferred to Troymet. Signet shareholders received 0.25 Troymet common shares for each Signet common share held and as a result of the Arrangement, 10,279,610 Troymet shares were issued to the Signet shareholders.

Future Accounting Policies

In January 2006, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board adopted a strategic plan, which includes the decision to move financial reporting for Canadian publicly accountable enterprises to a single set of globally accepted accounting standards, namely, International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The effective implementation date of the conversion from Canadian generally accepted accounting principles (“Canadian GAAP”) to IFRS is January 1, 2011. The transition date of January 1, 2011 will require restatement of comparative amounts reported by the Company for the year ended October 31, 2011. The first annual financial statement prepared using IFRS will be the year ended October 31, 2012.

The Company is engaged in an assessment and conversion process which includes consultation with external consultants with expertise in IFRS. While the Company has begun assessing the implications of adoption of IFRS, the financial reporting impact of the transition to IFRS cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

The Company's approach to the conversion to IFRS includes three phases as follows:

Phase I – General Diagnostic

Phase I of the Company's IFRS approach was comprised of an initial general diagnostic of the Company's accounting policies and Canadian GAAP relevant to its financial reporting requirements to determine the key differences and options with respect to acceptable accounting standards under IFRS. This phase was completed in mid-fiscal 2010.

Phase II - Detailed Analysis

Phase II of the Company's IFRS transition is comprised of an in depth analysis of the impact of various accounting areas identified in Phase I. Phase II commenced in QIII 2010.

Phase III – Implementation

The implementation of the conversion process through the preparation of the opening balance sheet as at November 1, 2010 will be carried out in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010.

The analysis to date suggests that the Company's IT accounting and financial reporting systems are not expected to be significantly impacted. Further, the Company has in place internal and disclosure control procedures to ensure continued effectiveness during this transition period. Based on the review undertaken in Phase I and the work completed to date in Phase II, the Company believes that IFRS will have limited impact on its current financial position. At the same time, IFRS will likely require more extensive disclosure and analysis of balances and transactions in the notes to the financial statements. The specific accounting areas the Company has focused its analysis on are outlined in the table below.

Key Area	Canadian GAAP (as currently applied)	IFRS	Analysis and Preliminary Conclusions for Troymet
Resource Properties	Troymet currently capitalizes acquisition, exploration and development costs associated with its mineral properties.	IFRS has limited guidance with respect to these costs and currently allows exploration and evaluation costs to be either capitalized or expensed.	The existing accounting policy is likely to be maintained.
Impairment of Long Lived Assets	Impairment tests of its long-term assets are considered annually based on any indications of impairment.	Impairment tests of "cash generating units" or "CGU" are considered annually in the presence of indications of impairment.	Assets will continue to be grouped under the Company's various mining operations. Going forward, the Company will evaluate each property or potential CGU for impairment.

Key Area	Canadian GAAP (as currently applied)	IFRS	Analysis and Preliminary Conclusions for Troymet
	Impairment tests are generally performed on the basis of undiscounted future cash flows.	Impairment tests are generally carried out using the discounted future cash flow.	Impairment tests using discounted values could generate a greater likelihood of write-downs in the future.
	Write-downs to net realizable values under an impairment test are permanent changes in the carrying value of assets.	Write downs to net realizable values under an impairment test can be reversed if the conditions of impairment cease to exist.	Potential significant volatility in earnings could arise as a result of the difference in the treatment of write-downs.
Income Tax	There is no exemption from recognizing a deferred income tax for the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination. The carrying amount of the asset or liability acquired is adjusted for the amount of the deferred income tax recognized.	A deferred income tax is not recognized if it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination.	The Company does not expect the difference in recognition of deferred income tax to have a significant impact.
Income Tax (continued)	All deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is "more likely than not" that the deferred income tax assets will be realized.	A deferred tax asset is recognized if it is "probable" that it will be realized	The Company is in the final stages of quantifying the impact of this difference between GAAP and IFRS.

The above comments should not be considered as a complete list of changes that will result from the transition to IFRS. The Company's analysis is still on-going and a final determination of accounting policies has not been made. In addition, the accounting bodies responsible for issuing Canadian and IFRS accounting standards have significant ongoing projects that could impact the Company's financial statements as at July 31, 2011 and subsequent periods.

In addition, there is an extractive industries project currently underway that will lead to more definitive guidance on the accounting for exploration and evaluation expenditures, but this is still in the discussion paper stage and may not be completed for some time. The Company will continue to monitor the accounting standard projects and will assess their impact in the course of its transition process to IFRS.

Exploration Projects

Troymet currently holds three mineral projects in its property portfolio. Tracy Hurley, P.Geo., Vice-President Exploration is the qualified person under NI 43-101 who has reviewed the technical disclosure provided below.

Key Project – Copper, Zinc and Gold

Troymet has a 100% interest in the 8,854-hectare Key property subject to certain royalties payable to third parties on certain claims. The property is located 125 kilometres southwest of Vanderhoof, British Columbia.

Exploration on the Key project is targeting precious metals-rich volcanic massive sulphide (VMS) deposits, epithermal gold-silver deposits and porphyry copper-molybdenum deposits. The property straddles an apparent graben developed in a volcano-sedimentary sequence and covers an area with anomalous lake sediment geochemistry and locally anomalous gold-lead-arsenic-silver-zinc in soils. The anomalous metal suite and geological setting is characteristic of the gold- and silver-rich Eskay Creek deposit in northwest British Columbia.

The Key property is strategically located between the Blackwater gold deposit (New Gold Inc.) and the 3Ts gold-silver deposit (Silver Quest Resources Ltd.). The property covers a number of geological sequences, all of which host important gold +/- silver mineralization at Blackwater, 3Ts and the nearby Capoose silver deposit. Outcrop is sparse and limited to the peaks and ridges. As a consequence, soil geochemistry and geophysics are important exploration tools.

A helicopter-borne VTEM survey completed over the central portion of the Key property in 2008 delineated major north-trending fault systems that cut the property and may be related to the gold and silver mineralization at Blackwater. Four electromagnetic (EM) targets were identified as well as a number of intrusions that may have associated gold-silver or porphyry-style mineralization. Three possible diatremes/breccia pipes(?) are indicated, and may be related to several of the structurally controlled, precious metal target areas the Company has identified. The diatremes(?) are overburden covered and are located within an area of low magnetic signature, measuring approximately 130 hectares. Diatremes and breccia pipes are a common host for gold-silver mineralization, and have been mentioned in connection with the Blackwater gold deposit.

In spring 2010, reconnaissance prospecting and sampling over the central project area outlined five areas with coincident gold-silver-zinc mineralization and locally tungsten. Historic showings on the property were also located and appear to be structurally controlled. A preliminary investigation of a broad geochemical trend of anomalous zinc, copper, lead, arsenic and silver values through the central part of the property also points toward a relation to major northerly-trending structures. Magnetite veins, garnet and potassic feldspar and epidote alteration occur in the area of a buried intrusive, interpreted from geophysics, in the southeast corner of the VTEM survey area. The alteration may be indicative of alkali porphyry-style gold-copper mineralization.

Troymet initiated a program of line cutting, induced polarization (IP) and soil sampling over selective grid areas in October 2010. The program was suspended in mid-November with onset of winter conditions and recommenced in mid-February 2011 with the addition of a diamond drilling rig.

Results from the soil sampling and IP coverage, in conjunction with earlier prospecting results and historical soil sampling data, has identified multiple coincident gold-silver in rock samples, gold in soils, and chargeability/resistivity anomalies.

The 2011 reconnaissance winter drilling program totalled 12 holes (1,576.8m), with five holes completed in the area of Good News Lake, four holes on the Crag Grid on the west side of the property, and three holes lost in broken rubbly ground or in thick overburden (see May 9, 2011 news release). This was the first drilling ever conducted on the property.

Of the four holes drilled on the Crag grid, two tested coincident IP/gold-in-soil/surface gold targets and two tested VTEM targets. The VTEM anomalies appear to be associated with fault/breccia zones in felsic to intermediate volcanics with local vein/disseminated pyrite. The IP/gold-in-soil/surface gold targets comprise silicified and pyritized (trace to 1%) felsic to intermediate volcanics. No significant values were returned from these holes.

Highly anomalous porphyry-style mineralization was intersected in the five widely-spaced holes in the area of Good News Lake. Individual holes carry copper or molybdenum +/- zinc, and locally weak to moderate silver and elevated to anomalous gold. The mineralization occurs in altered volcanics capping a multi-phase intrusive that is postulated to extend over a 4- to 5-km areal extent. The magnetic signature includes a 1-km diameter magnetic low that appears to be the focus of the porphyry mineralization. Further drilling is required to determine if a viable copper-molybdenum deposit is present.

The first phase of the 2011 soil sampling program conducted in May-June targeted the eastern side of the property, along the East Fault, and within and along a prominent aeromagnetic feature which appears to extend as far as the adjacent Blackwater gold deposit. The second phase of soil sampling commenced in September and is targeting the northeast parts of the property adjacent to the Blackwater gold deposit and the southwest corner of the property which is adjacent to the 3Ts gold-silver deposit.

Troymet anticipates collecting approximately 2,600 samples if all target areas are accessible. As part of the Phase II program, access will be established to a number of drill targets in the area of Tsacha Mt., which were inaccessible during the winter program due to terrain and weather. These, and newly identified targets, will be tested when drilling resumes.

Troymet believes the Key project has significant discovery potential. Exploration on the Key project is at a very early stage – to date less than a third of the property has been explored in any detail and expenditures are small in comparison to other flanking projects where significant discoveries have been made.

McClarty Lake Project - Copper, Zinc and Gold

The 596-hectare McClarty Lake property is located 47 kilometres south-southwest of Snow Lake, Manitoba. Troymet owns 100% of three claims (344 hectares) staked in 2000. In June 2008, Troymet completed its earn in for a 60% working interest in two claims (252 hectares) under an option agreement with Hudson Bay Exploration and Development Limited (“HudBay”), owned subsidiary of Hudbay Minerals Inc. HudBay subsequently provided notification that it intended to earn back a 20% interest in the McClarty Lake claims, requiring HudBay to make exploration expenditures of \$750,000 over a three year period. As reported on June 6, 2011, Hudbay notified the Company that it has incurred the necessary expenditures on

the two option claims to earn back a 20% interest and, that as a result, a Joint Venture is now established with HudBay holding a 60% interest and Troymet holding a 40% interest.

The McClarty Lake property is favourably situated within the Flin Flon – Snow Lake greenstone belt, one of the largest Proterozoic volcanic-hosted massive sulphide (VMS) districts in the world. Twenty-seven copper-zinc-(gold) deposits within the belt have produced more than 183 million tonnes of sulphide ore. The sulphide mineralization and associated alteration system at McClarty Lake is very similar to that associated with HudBay's Chisel Lake and Lalor Lake volcanogenic massive sulphide deposits of the Snow Lake area.

Early exploration on the property was hampered by lack of outcrop exposure and overlying Paleozoic-aged sediment cover. An electromagnetic (EM) conductor detected in 1996 was tested by two diamond drill holes in 1997 (HudBay) and two holes in 2000 by Troymet's predecessor company. All four holes intersected a gold- and silver-bearing semi-massive pyrite horizon in altered felsic volcanics, reporting a best intersection of 4.17 g/t gold and 8.48 g/t silver over 4.0 metres. A deep penetrating Time Domain EM (TEM) survey undertaken in 2002 subsequently defined a potential massive sulphide horizon(s) over a strike length of ~600 metres. Plans to test the conductor were shelved in 2004 and 2005 due to lack of drill availability, and in 2006 by poor ice conditions.

Diamond drilling in 2007 and 2008 successfully identified two laterally continuous zones of massive sulphides within a sequence of variably altered felsic volcanics and volcanoclastics. The upper pyritic zone, discovered in 1997, is locally gold enriched and traced in drill holes over a 300-metre strike length and to 250 metres vertical depth. In 2007, a second massive sulphide horizon was intersected 150 metres stratigraphically below the pyritic horizon. Known as the Discovery zone, it is also locally gold enriched and returned 1.47% zinc and 0.31% copper over 43.05 metres, including 3.46% zinc over 15.3 metres (May 15, 2008 news release). The mineralization is shallow, with the Discovery zone starting at the base of the Palaeozoic sequence at a vertical depth of ~50 metres. It has been traced in drill holes over a 75-metre strike length and to a depth of 175 metres. Both zones are open along strike and at depth.

A helicopter-borne VTEM survey flown in 2008 outlined a strong conductor corresponding to the upper pyritic horizon over a 450-m strike length. The Discovery zone, however, is not spatially related to interpreted conductors from any of the prior EM surveys. The zone may be non conductive, or alternatively, any conductive response from the zone may be hidden within the signature of a larger conductor. The 2008 VTEM survey also identified a second strong conductive trend of ~100 metres strike length and situated ~100 metres east of the Discovery zone. This conductor has not been tested by drilling and is considered a priority target in the next drilling program. In addition to the VTEM survey, several drill holes from the 2008 program were surveyed by borehole EM geophysics. At least two off-hole anomalies were reported that have not been tested by drilling to date.

HudBay indicated its intent to earn an additional 20% interest in the option claims by conducting a 2010 winter drilling program on the Discovery zone and other untested targets. After completing a ground EM survey over the target area in February 2010, unseasonably warm weather conditions affected lake ice conditions in the region, preventing HudBay from conducting the drilling portion of its program.

On its 100% owned claims, Troymet also planned a 2010 winter drill program to evaluate the Mac EM conductor, which lies on-trend and ~1000 metres northeast of the Discovery zone. The

Mac conductor was identified by the 2008 VTEM helicopter-borne survey and there is no record of prior drilling in this area.

Troymet's winter program commenced in January 2010 with the establishment of a 10.6 km grid on the 100% owned MAC 3 claim. This was followed up by a pulse electromagnetic (PEM) survey that identified a strong conductive response on the southwest edge of the grid. The Company's geophysical contractor, Crone Geophysics of Mississauga, Ontario (Crone), recommended a 400-metre x 1000-metre extension of the grid and survey coverage. The grid extension and additional survey was completed in the first week of March 2010. Interpretation of the results by Crone verified a strong bedrock conductor(s) and follow-up drilling was recommended.

Troymet secured a drilling contractor for the 2010 program; however, due to the warm spring conditions in Manitoba, the Province implemented an early spring road restriction that banned heavy loads on specific roads, prohibiting the mobilization of drilling equipment to the property. The opportunity for a winter drill program in 2010 was effectively closed by this restriction.

Troymet's 2011 winter drilling program on the Mac EM conductor commenced in February. Three holes (1,156 metres) tested the conductor over a 300-metre strike length. Drill hole MAC-11-01 intersected several 1-2 metre wide pyritic zones hosted within volcanic xenoliths and returned anomalous copper values up to 1,202 ppm (0.12%) Cu. MAC-11-02 intersected a felsic volcanic horizon with a number of 1- to 4-metre wide, finely laminated pyritic zones returning anomalous copper (up to 294 ppm) and zinc up to 196 ppm). Lower in MAC-11-02, xenolithic tonalite, characterized by xenoliths of mafic volcanics and 1- to 2-metre wide sulphidic zones, returned anomalous copper and zinc values up to 1,038 ppm (0.10%) Cu and 361 ppm Zn. MAC-11-03 intersected xenolithic granodiorite intrusive, characterized by abundant volcanic xenoliths and 2- to 3-metre wide sulphidic zones that returned anomalous copper and zinc values up to 281 ppm Cu and 4,341 ppm (0.43%) Zn.

The altered volcanic xenoliths and strongly sulphidized zones are reminiscent of the volcanic horizon that hosts the Discovery zone, and may represent a northern extension of that horizon. The dominance of xenoliths and sulphidized zones within the various intrusive bodies suggests that the volcanic horizon, where intersected, has been partially digested. The results are significant, as they indicate the possibility a +2,000-metre long stratigraphic horizon that carries base metal mineralization in the two locales, where tested. Further details are provided in the Company's April 11, 2011 news release.

HudBay completed its winter drilling program on the Discovery zone and other targets in mid-March. Troymet is awaiting delivery of the technical data and confirmation of expenditures by HudBay.

No work was conducted on the project during the three month period ended July 31, 2011. The Company anticipates a winter 2012 diamond drilling program on the HudBay joint venture claims as well as on its 100% owned claims.

Further information on the McClarty Lake project is available in a NI 43-101 technical report entitled "2008 Technical (NI 43-101) Report on the McClarty Lake Property", by Rory Kutluoglu, B.Sc. (Equity Engineering Ltd.) and qualified person, Alan H. Bailes, Ph.D., P.Geo. (Bailes Geoscience) dated June 11, 2008 and filed on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).

Golden Eagle Project – Gold and Silver

The 8,178-hectare Golden Eagle project is located just south of the Yukon-British Columbia border, 70 kilometres west-northwest of Atlin, BC. The Company controls a 100% interest in the project subject to a 1% NSR payable to a third party on certain claims.

Golden Eagle is situated at the southern end of the Tintina Gold Belt, which contains many intrusion-related gold deposits such as Pogo (Alaska), Fort Knox (Alaska), Dublin Gulch (Yukon) and the recent discovery at Underworld Resources' White Gold property near Dawson City (Yukon). The property has the potential to host several deposit types, including bulk tonnage intrusion-related deposits with associated skarn deposits, high-grade gold-silver vein-hosted deposits and volcanogenic massive sulphide (VMS) deposits. Thirteen separate mineralized zones have been identified to date over the property's 25-km long extent.

From 2005 to 2008, exploration was primarily focused on the Middle Ridge (Tannis zone) area, where high-grade gold-silver mineralization is hosted in pyrite- and arsenopyrite-bearing quartz veins/structures within rhyolitic intrusive, granitic intrusive and to a lesser extent in flanking metavolcanics. The mineralized system has been demonstrated by drilling to continue along a strike length of nearly 150 metres and to greater than 200 metres down dip in both the rhyolitic and granitic intrusions (February 24, 2009 news release). The presence of granitic intrusive at depth indicates a composite, volatile-rich intrusive system in this locale, which to-date has only been tested by shallow drilling.

In 2009, the Company focused attention on the north block of the Golden Eagle project ("North prospect"), where numerous zones of structurally controlled gold-silver-arsenic-antimony mineralization (e.g. Plateau, Skarn, West Gully, Cowboy, and West Draw zones) and gold-in-soil anomalies occur over a ~5 x 5 kilometre area. The mineralization is related to two major structures, the Ben Fault and the Paddy Fault, and to the underlying granite-related gold system. Both faults both are possible splays of the Llewellyn fault zone, a regionally significant structure that cuts through the project area and has a strong correlation with the majority of mineral occurrences in the region.

A stream sediment sampling program conducted over the North prospect in 2009 identified nine new anomalous areas over a wide areal extent, suggesting large source areas on the Troymet claims (December 21, 2009 news release). The Company also completed a five hole (506-metre) reconnaissance diamond drilling program that tested four previously un-drilled and widely-spaced targets located in the West Gully, LQ, and Stibnite zones (February 17, 2010 news release).

The first and only hole drilled on the West Gully zone intersected 0.11 g/t gold over 86.84 metres in variably sheared, silicified and chlorite-sericite altered felsic intrusive. The hole was shut down in anomalous gold mineralization (0.33 g/t gold over 15.24 metres). It is apparent that there is a large, untested gold-bearing structure(s) in this area.

Three holes drilled ~1,300 metres apart intersected silver-gold mineralization within broader structural zones carrying low to anomalous gold values. No felsic intrusive was intersected in these shallow holes, indicating the target gold zones lie deeper in the system.

The results of the 2009 reconnaissance stream sediment and diamond drilling program continue to augment the hypothesis of a widespread mineralizing event on the property. No work was conducted on the project during the three month period ended July 31, 2011.

The Company's fall 2011 program has commenced with IP geophysical surveying underway on the West Gully target and diamond drilling planned for October. Drilling is also planned on the Skarn zone, the Catfish zone, and along the 1.5 km long structure that extends between the two zones and features local gold-in-soil and stream sediment anomalies.

Further information on the Golden Eagle Project is available in a NI 43-101 technical report entitled "Report on the 2006 Mineral Expenditure Program on the Golden Eagle Property, Atlin Area, Northwestern British Columbia" by Scott Casselman, B.Sc., P.Geo., dated October 2, 2007 and filed on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).

Selected Annual Information

Year Ended	Year Ended October 31, 2010	Year Ended October 31, 2009	Year Ended October 31, 2008
Operating Expenses	\$376,822	\$285,654	\$323,642
Other Income Interest	\$3,452	\$5,116	\$17,558
Net Loss Per Share - Basic	(\$278,763) (\$0.01)	(\$213,422) (\$0.01)	(\$170,831) (\$0.01)
Capital Expenditures	\$398,069	\$305,866	\$1,934,333
Total Assets	\$6,584,024	\$3,744,514	\$3,406,387
Total Liabilities	\$435,229	\$569,339	\$250,682

Results of Operations

In the three months ended July 31, 2011, Troymet realized a net loss of \$157,700 after operating expenses of \$96,000 (\$83,400 in 2010) for the period, interest income of \$1,900 (\$500 in 2010), and a provision for future income tax expense of \$63,700 (recovery of \$17,400 in 2010). This compares to a net loss of \$65,500 the previous year.

The operating expenses for the quarter included management fees of \$33,200 (\$27,200 in 2010), general and administration expenses of \$5,900 (\$6,400 in 2010), professional fees of \$1,400 (\$7,300 in 2010), travel and related costs of \$500 (\$1,200 in 2010) and public company costs of \$16,600 (\$16,700 in 2010).

The loss for the quarter includes a non-cash charge of \$38,300 (\$24,700 in 2010) related to stock compensation expenses. Net cash operating expenses in the three months ended July 31, 2011 were \$55,800 compared to \$58,300 the previous year.

In the nine months ended July 31, 2011, Troymet realized a net loss of \$554,600 after operating expenses of \$617,900 (\$466,500 in 2010) for the period, interest income of \$8,700 (\$900 in

2010), and a provision for future income tax recovery of \$54,600 (\$75,400 in 2010). The \$554,600 loss compares to a loss of \$390,100 the previous year.

The operating expenses for the nine month period included management fees of \$110,100 (\$84,400 in 2010), general and administration expenses of \$26,300 (\$17,200 in 2010), professional fees of \$44,600 (\$89,100 in 2010), travel and related costs of \$14,900 (\$9,500 in 2010) and public company costs of \$108,500 (\$52,900 in 2010).

The loss for the nine month period includes a non-cash charge of \$312,800 (\$213,400 in 2010) related to stock compensation expenses. Net cash operating expenses in the nine months ended July 31, 2011 of \$296,400 were approximately \$44,300 higher than the previous year.

During the three months ended July 31, 2011, Troymet incurred net capital expenditures of \$192,100 compared to \$75,200 expended in the previous period. Cash expenditures in the nine month period ended July 31, 2011 were \$1,619,400 (\$180,300 in 2010). These expenditures relate primarily to exploration and drilling programs in progress during the quarter at the McClarty Lake and Key projects.

Capital Expenditures

	McClarty Lake	Golden Eagle	Key	Total
Balance, October 31, 2010	\$1,236,793	\$2,261,436	\$177,634	\$3,675,864
Additions During the Period				
Acquisition Costs	-	-	88,244	88,244
Geophysics	7,800	26,561	291,635	325,997
Geochemistry / Assays	2,890	-	266,293	269,183
Drilling Costs	272,846	6,148	644,981	923,974
Geological	-	385	59,209	59,594
Camp Costs	25,206	-	-	25,206
Travel / Transport / Communication	-	-	4,193	4,193
Total Additions	308,742	33,094	1,354,555	1,696,391
Mineral Exploration Tax Credit (METC)	-	-	-	-
Balance, July 31, 2011	\$1,545,536	\$2,294,530	\$1,532,189	\$5,372,255

As shown in the balance sheet dated July 31, 2011, the Company's mineral property balance was approximately \$5,372,300. During the nine month period, the Company incurred expenditures of \$1,696,400. As outlined in the table above, approximately \$308,700 was spent at McClarty Lake, \$33,100 was spent at Golden Eagle, and approximately \$1,354,600 was spent at the Key property. Of the \$308,700 spent at McClarty Lake, \$272,800 was spent on drilling with \$7,800 and \$2,900 spent on geophysics and assays respectively. At the Key property, \$291,600 was spent on IP and geophysics work, \$266,300 was incurred on soil sampling work and \$645,000 was spent on drilling related expenditures at Key. An additional \$88,200 was spent on acquisition costs. For part of this expenditure, the Company issued 350,000 common shares valued at \$77,000 for four strategically located claims on the Key property.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's practice is to proceed with staged exploration where each stage is dependent on successful results of the preceding stage. Troymet relies on proceeds of equity financings to fund its exploration commitments and discharge its liabilities as they come due. As of July 31, 2011, the Company had a working capital balance of approximately \$953,200. The Company's working capital improved from the \$231,800 of working capital at October 31, 2010 as a result of a non-brokered private placements completed by the Company in November 2010. This private placement raised gross proceeds of nearly \$2,310,000. In addition, the exercise of share purchase warrants, finders' warrants, and stock options realized an additional \$473,700 of proceeds.

Total net capital expenditures of approximately \$1,696,400 that were incurred during the nine months ended July 31, 2011 were funded primarily by the non-brokered private placement and share purchase warrant exercises described above. The Company conducted drilling programs at the McClarty Lake and Key properties during the first quarter. Additional field exploration including soil sampling analysis was initiated at the Key property in May 2011. Diamond drilling is expected to be resumed at the Key property during the summer of 2011.

Results from its exploration programs and / or additional mineral property acquisitions may result in additional financial requirements. If needed, Troymet will be required to raise additional financing. However, there is no assurance that funding will be available on terms acceptable to the Company or at all. If such funds cannot be secured, the Company may be forced to curtail additional exploration and / or property acquisition efforts.

Share Information

On November 1, 2010 and November 10, 2010, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement raising gross proceeds of \$2,309,875. The private placement consisted of 5,717,500 units ("Units") at a price of \$0.15 per Unit and 8,068,053 common shares issued on a flow-through basis priced at \$0.18 per flow-through share. Each Unit consisted of one common share (issued on a non-flow-through basis) and one half of one common share purchase warrant (a "Warrant"). Each full Warrant is exercisable into one common share for two years from the date of issuance at a price of \$0.25 per share for the first year from closing and \$0.35 per share in the second year.

On November 22, 2010, the Company announced 1,450,000 stock options had been issued to directors, officers, and consultants. The options have an exercise price of \$0.21 per share and expire 5 years from the date of grant.

Since the year ended October 31, 2010, a total of 4,637,744 share purchase and finders' warrants have been exercised. In addition, 75,000 stock options were exercised in the same period.

Subsequent to quarter end, on August 19, 2011, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement consisting of 17,710,000 units ("Units") at a price of \$0.05 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$885,500 and 13,705,000 common shares issued on a flow-through basis ("Flow-Through Common Shares") at a price of \$0.07 per Flow-Through Common Share for gross proceeds of \$959,350. Total gross proceeds was \$1,844,850. Each Unit consists of one common share (a "Common Share") and one share purchase warrant (a "Warrant"). Each full Warrant is exercisable for one year from closing into one Common Share at \$0.15 per share. In addition to the 17,710,000 share purchase warrants issued, 2,409,200 finder's warrants were issued in

conjunction with the non-brokered private placement. Each finder's warrant is exercisable into one Common Share at a price of \$0.05 per Common Share for a period of one year from the date of issuance of the Finder's Warrant.

At the date of the MDA, the fully diluted number of common shares was 155,409,364 including 118,380,410 basic common shares, 27,278,954 share purchase warrants, and 9,750,000 options.

A summary of the Company's outstanding securities is provided in the table below:

Period Ended	30-Sep 2011	31-Jul 2011	30-Apr 2011	31-Jan 2011	31-Oct 2010	31-Oct 2009
Beginning Shares Outstanding (Basic)	86,965,410	86,965,410	86,113,666	68,117,113	50,393,113	39,893,113
Shares issued pursuant to Plan of Arrangement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exercise of warrants / agent options	0	0	851,744	3,786,000	3,700,000	0
Option exercise	0	0	0	75,000	0	0
Common shares issued for property / debt	0	0	0	350,000	3,600,000	0
Common shares issued for cash	17,710,000	0	0	5,717,500	10,424,000	1,300,000
Flow-through shares issued for cash	13,705,000	0	0	8,068,053	0	9,200,000
Closing Shares Outstanding (Basic)	118,380,410	86,965,410	86,965,410	86,113,666	68,117,113	50,393,113
Beginning Share Purchase Warrants / Finders' Warrants	7,159,754	7,159,754	8,011,498	8,024,000	20,050,000	19,619,983
Plan of Arrangement Warrants / Agent Options	0	0	0	0	0	0
Share Purchase Warrants / Finders' Warrants Expired	0	0	0	0	(18,750,000)	(869,983)
Share Purchase Warrants / Finders' Warrants Exercised	0	0	(851,744)	(3,786,000)	(3,700,000)	0
Share Purchase Warrants / Finders' Warrants Issued	20,119,200	0	0	3,773,498	10,424,000	1,300,000
Closing Share Purchase Warrants	27,278,954	7,159,754	7,159,754	8,011,498	8,024,000	20,050,000
Beginning Stock Options	6,750,000	6,750,000	6,750,000	5,375,000	2,675,000	2,450,000
Stock Options Granted	3,000,000	0	0	1,450,000	2,700,000	225,000
Stock Options Exercised	0	0	0	(75,000)	0	0
Closing Stock Options	9,750,000	6,750,000	6,750,000	6,750,000	5,375,000	2,675,000
Total Shares - Fully Diluted	155,409,364	100,875,164	100,875,164	100,875,164	81,516,113	73,118,113
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	N/A	86,088,410	85,396,264	82,380,420	62,752,477	48,640,784

Summary of Quarterly Results

A summary of results for the last eight quarters is provided in the table below.

	QIII 31-Jul-11	QII 30-Apr-11	QI 31-Jan-11	QIV 31-Oct-10
Operations				
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net Loss	(\$157,736)	(\$118,079)	(\$278,763)	(\$153,512)
Per Share - Basic	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Balance Sheet				
Working Capital	\$953,158	\$1,201,079	\$2,303,726	\$231,712
Total Assets	\$6,345,111	\$6,544,196	\$6,584,024	\$4,003,109
Capital Expenditures	\$192,099	\$1,106,221	\$398,068	(\$21,215)

	QIII 31-Jul-10	QII 30-Apr-10	QI 31-Jan-10	QIV 31-Oct-09
Operations				
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net Loss	(\$65,545)	(\$218,117)	(\$106,421)	(\$85,398)
Per Share - Basic	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Balance Sheet				
Working Capital	\$38,695	\$172,147	\$350,225	(\$248,949)
Total Assets	\$3,857,139	\$4,007,642	\$4,094,658	\$3,744,514
Capital Expenditures	\$75,154	\$71,614	\$33,487	\$354,722

Transactions with Related Parties

During the period, the Company paid fees of \$115,200 (2010 - \$73,400) to companies in which Directors held an interest for technical, management, administrative, and accounting services. This amount is included in general and administration expenses and accrued liabilities.

Subsequent Event

Subsequent to quarter end on August 19, 2011, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement consisting of 17,710,000 units (“Units”) at a price of \$0.05 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$885,500 and 13,705,000 common shares issued on a flow-through basis (“Flow-through Common Shares”) at a price of \$0.07 per Flow-Through Common Share for gross proceeds of \$959,350. Aggregate gross proceeds from the sale of both the Units and Flow-Through Common Shares was \$1,844,850. Each Unit consists of one common share (a “Common Share”) and one share purchase warrant (a “Warrant”). Each full Warrant is exercisable for one year from closing into one Common Share at \$0.15 per share.

Risks and Uncertainties

Troymet competes with other mining companies, some of which have greater financial resources and technical facilities, for the acquisition of mineral properties, claims, and other interests, as well as for the recruitment and retention of qualified personnel.

All of the properties in which Troymet has an interest, or the right to acquire an interest, are in the early exploration stage and are without a known body of commercial ore. Development of Troymet's mineral properties will only follow upon obtaining satisfactory exploration results. Exploration for and the development of mineral resources involve a high degree of risk and few properties which are explored are ultimately developed into producing properties. There is no assurance that Troymet's exploration and development activities will result in any discoveries of commercial bodies of ore.

The Company is in compliance in all material regulations applicable to its exploration activities. Existing and possible future environmental legislation, regulations and actions could cause additional expense, capital expenditures, restrictions and delays in the activities of the Company, the extent of which cannot be predicted. Before production can commence on any properties, the Company must obtain regulatory and environmental approvals. There is no assurance that such approvals can be obtained on a timely basis or at all. The cost of compliance with changes in government regulations has the potential to reduce the profitability of operations.

Aboriginal peoples have claimed aboriginal title and rights to resources and various properties in western Canada. Such claims, in relation to Troymet's lands, if successful, could have an adverse effect on Troymet or its respective operations.

Troymet will require additional financing to continue its business plan and there is no assurance that financing will be available or, if available, will be on reasonable terms. To the extent that financing is not available, Troymet may have to reduce exploration activities and work commitments may not be satisfied resulting in a loss of property ownership by Troymet.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management has ensured that there are disclosure controls and procedures that provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the Corporation is disclosed on a timely basis, particularly, information relevant to the period in which annual filings are being prepared. Management believes these disclosure controls and procedures have been effective during the fiscal period ended July 31, 2011.

Investor Relations Activities

On August 1, 2008, the Company engaged Senergy Communications Inc. ("Senergy") to provide investor relations services. Vancouver-based Senergy provides investor relations and marketing services to public companies in the natural resource sectors. Senergy will assist Troymet in fostering productive, continuing dialogues with analysts, brokers, potential investors, current shareholders and other financial professionals.

An initial six (6) month consulting agreement with Senergy was signed. This agreement, which has an option to renew at terms mutually agreeable to each party, initially required the Company to pay Senergy \$7,500 per month for investor relations services, \$1,000 per month for a

dedicated surrogate office and related administrative services, and to reimburse Senergy for all pre-approved expenses.

In August 2008, Senergy was granted 125,000 incentive stock options exercisable at \$0.15 per share and Shiro Rae, an employee of Senergy, has been granted 75,000 options. The options are now fully vested.

On November 22, 2010, Senergy was granted an additional 500,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.21 per share. The options granted to Senergy vest as to 25% of the options on each of the 3, 6, 9 and 12 month anniversaries of the date of grant (such that the options are fully vested 12 months from the date of issuance).

In recognition of the market conditions that prevailed in fiscal 2009 and 2010, the contract with Senergy was renegotiated on December 1, 2008 and the monthly fee was reduced to \$1,000 per month from \$8,500 per month. In September 2010, with the improved Company finances and the current and planned drilling activity, the contract with Senergy was extended by an additional one year and the monthly fee paid to Senergy was renegotiated and increased from \$1,000 per month to \$7,500 per month.

Outlook

At the McClarty Lake project, a Joint Venture has been established with HudBay holding a 60% interest and Troymet holding a 40% interest. Troymet believes HudBay is the best partner to explore and develop the McClarty Lake project, and their participation lends strong support to management's belief that McClarty Lake is a property of substantial merit with excellent discovery potential for a precious metal rich VMS deposit(s). Troymet anticipates a winter 2012 diamond drilling program on the HudBay joint venture claims as well as on its 100% owned claims.

The Key project offers the potential for VMS, epithermal gold-silver and porphyry copper-molybdenum discoveries. The property is strategically located between the Blackwater gold deposit (New Gold Inc.) and the 3Ts gold-silver deposit (Silver Quest Resources Ltd.). Troymet's 2011 reconnaissance winter drilling program, the first drilling ever conducted on the property, intersected highly anomalous porphyry-style mineralization in five widely-spaced holes in the area of Good News Lake. Additional soil sampling is in progress and further IP surveying is planned to delineate the extent of the porphyry system prior to resumption of diamond drilling. Exploration on the project is at a very early stage – to date less than a third of the property has been explored in any detail and expenditures are small in comparison to other flanking projects where significant discoveries have been made.

The Golden Eagle property has the potential to host several deposit types, including bulk tonnage intrusion-related, high-grade gold-silver vein-hosted, and volcanogenic massive sulphide (VMS) deposits. Positive results from the 2009 stream sediment and diamond drilling program continue to augment the hypothesis of a widespread mineralizing event on the property, with numerous new drill targets identified. A fall 2011 program of IP geophysical surveying has commenced with diamond drilling planned in October on the West Gully, Skarn and Catfish zones.

Other

Additional information relating to Troymet's business and activities can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

TROYMET EXPLORATION CORP.

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TSX Venture Exchange
Symbol: "TYE"